

Amendment to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claim 1 (original): In an OFDM communication system, a method for frequency synchronizing a second node to a first node, said method comprising:

- receiving a series of time domain OFDM bursts from said first node at said second node;
- converting said series of time domain OFDM bursts into frequency domain OFDM bursts, said frequency domain OFDM bursts including selected symbols having known transmitted values;
- determining inter-burst phase differences for said selected symbols; and
- determining coarse frequency offset between said first node and said second node based on said phase differences.

Claim 2 (original): The method of claim 1 wherein said selected symbols having known transmitted values comprise training symbols used for estimating channel response.

Claim 3 (original): The method of claim 1 wherein at least one of said series of time domain OFDM bursts comprises N time domain symbols, a cyclic prefix that assures orthogonality of OFDM frequency domain subchannels and a supplemental cyclic prefix that causes measurable inter-burst phase differences indicative of frequency offset.

Claim 4 (original): The method of claim 3 further comprising:

- determining fractional symbol width frequency offset based on correlating said supplemental cyclic prefix to a corresponding segment of said N time domain symbols; and
- varying a receive frequency of said second node to correct said fractional symbol width frequency offset

Claim 5 (original): The method of claim 4 further comprising:
determining small integer symbol width frequency offset based on positions of
said selected symbols having known transmitted values; and
varying said receive frequency to correct said small integer symbol width
frequency offset.

Claim 6 (original): The method of claim 1 further comprising:
varying a receive frequency of said second node to correct said coarse frequency
offset.

Claim 7 (original): The method of claim 6 wherein said receive frequency is
varied to correct said fractional symbol width offset prior to determining small integer symbol
width frequency offset and coarse frequency offset.

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Claim 8 (original): In an OFDM communication system, apparatus for frequency
synchronizing a second node to a first node, said apparatus comprising:
a converter that converts a series of time domain OFDM bursts received from said
first node at said second node into frequency domain OFDM bursts, said frequency domain
OFDM bursts including selected symbols having known transmitted values; and
an integer frequency offset estimation block that determines inter-burst phase
differences for said selected symbols and determines coarse frequency offset between said second
node and said second node based on said phase differences.

Claim 9 (original): The apparatus of claim 8 wherein said selected symbols
having known transmitted values comprise training symbols used for estimating channel
response.

Claim 10 (original): The apparatus of claim 8 wherein at least one of said series
of time domain OFDM bursts comprises N time domain symbols, a cyclic prefix that assures
orthogonality of OFDM frequency domain subchannels and a supplemental cyclic prefix that
causes measurable inter-burst phase differences indicative of frequency offset.

Claim 11 (original): The apparatus of claim 10 further comprising:

a fractional frequency offset estimation block that determines fractional symbol width frequency offset based on correlating said supplemental cyclic prefix to a corresponding segment of said N time domain symbols; and

a frequency control block that varies a receive frequency of said second node to correct said fractional tone width frequency offset.

Claim 12 (original): The apparatus of claim 11 wherein said integer frequency offset estimation block determines small integer symbol width frequency offset based on positions of said selected symbols having known transmitted values; and

wherein said frequency control block varies said receive frequency to correct said small integer symbol width frequency offset.

Claim 13 (original): The apparatus of claim 8 further comprising:

a frequency control block that varies a receive frequency of said second node to correct said coarse frequency offset.

Claim 14 (original): The apparatus of claim 13 wherein said receive frequency is varied to correct said fractional symbolwidth offset prior to determining small integer tone width frequency offset and coarse frequency offset.

Claim 15 (new): In an OFDM communication system, apparatus for frequency synchronizing a second node to a first node, said apparatus comprising:

means for receiving a series of time domain OFDM bursts from said first node at said second node;

means for converting said series of time domain OFDM bursts into frequency domain OFDM bursts, said frequency domain OFDM bursts including selected symbols having known transmitted values;

means for determining inter-burst phase differences for said selected symbols; and

means for determining coarse frequency offset between said first node and said second node based on said phase differences.